

## **PRELIMINARY**

# 1064nm Pigtailed Coaxial Single Photon Avalanche Diode (SPAD) PGA-384

#### 1. Product Description

The RMY SPAD is an InGaAs/InP avalanche photodetector (transferred technology from previous Princeton Lightwave Inc.) designed specifically for single photon counting applications. The device is intended for use at voltage biases above the breakdown voltage (in the so-called "Geiger mode") so that a single photon incident on the detector will give rise to a macroscopic current pulse. Optimized designed the performance in the 1064nm window, combined with appropriate pulse detection circuitry, this device allows for the detection of single photons in the wavelength range from 0.95 to  $1.1\mu m$ .

The RMY SPAD described in this datasheet is a back-illuminated device provided in a standard TO-46 can,  $80\mu m$  or  $40\mu m$  diameter chip is inside. The pigtail is  $62.5/125\mu m$  multi-mode optical fiber.

#### 2. Performance Specifications

Parameter Description	Took Conditions	Specifications			Unit			
Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit			
Linear Mode Parameters (case temperature 295 K, all voltages and currents are reverse biased)								
Breakdown voltage, V <sub>b</sub>	I <sub>d</sub> = 10 uA	80	90	100	V			
Temperature dependence of $V_b$ , $\gamma$	ΔV <sub>b</sub> /ΔT, linear approximation		0.1		V/°C			
Total Dark Current, Id	$M=10$ ; primarily non-multiplied $I_d$		10		nA			
Capacitance, C	M=10, 1 MHz		0.4/1.5		рF			
Geiger Mode Parameters (1064nm)								
Detection Efficiency, DE	case temperature 233 K, at DCR max	20			%			
Dark Count Rate, DCR	case temperature 233 K, at DE min			20	kHz			

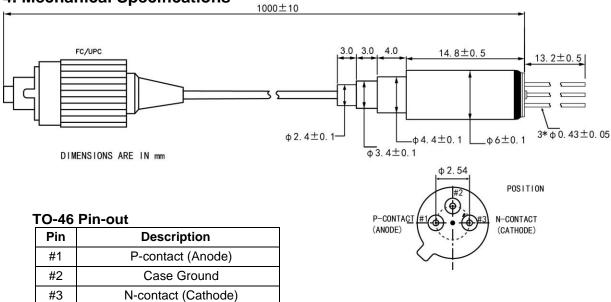
#### 3. Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
Forward Current	Continuous bias		+1	mA
Forward Voltage	Continuous bias		+1	V
Reverse Current	Continuous bias		-1	mA
Reverse Voltage	Continuous bias		-(V <sub>b</sub> +5)	V
Reverse Voltage	Pulsed (gated operation)		-(V <sub>b</sub> +10)	V
Optical Power	Continuous wave (CW)		1	mW
Case Temperature		-60	65	°C

Maximum ratings indicate conditions that the device can be exposed for short periods of time without damage. Although InGaAs SPADs are sometimes operated at temperatures below -60 °C, these devices have not yet been tested to establish their reliability characteristics at very low temperatures and under extreme conditions of thermal cycling.



### 4. Mechanical Specifications



#### 5. Product Handling

These avalanche photodiodes are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD) and should be handled with appropriate caution, including the use of ESD protective equipment such as grounding straps and anti-static mats.

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